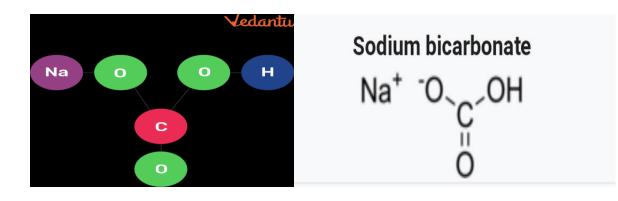
SAI International School Class-X Subject_ Chemistry Topic- Acids, Bases & Salts Sub Topic- Study of Salts – 3. Baking Soda Lesson notes

<u>STUDY OF SALTS-</u>

- 3. Baking Soda (Common Name) OR
- * Chemical Name Sodium Hydrogen Carbonate
- * Chemical Formula NaHCO3



* Preparation of Baking Soda-

• Baking Soda is prepared by Solvay's Process-

In this process -

- i. carbon dioxide,
- ii. water,
- iii. ammonia and
- iv. brine solution in its concentrated form,

are used as raw materials.

• The important chemical reaction that takes place is:

 $\text{CO}_2 + \text{H}_2\text{O} + \text{NH}_3 + \text{NaCl} \rightarrow \text{NaHCO}_3 + \text{NH}_4\text{Cl}$

* Properties of Baking Soda-

1. It is a white crystalline solid



Baking Soda

- 2. It is sparingly soluble in water.
- 3. It is a **mild, non-corrosive base**.
- 4. When sodium hydrogen carbonate is heated, it decomposes to give sodium carbonate with evolution of carbon dioxide gas.

NaHCO₃ --heat \rightarrow Na₂CO₃ + H₂O + CO₂



5. When sodium hydrogen carbonate reacts with an acid it produces the corresponding salt and water with evolution of carbon dioxide gas.

$$\begin{array}{c} \operatorname{CH}_{3}\operatorname{COOH}\left(l\right) + \operatorname{NaHCO}_{3}(s) \\ \operatorname{Acetic\ acid} & \operatorname{Sodium\ bicarbonate} & \longrightarrow \operatorname{CH}_{3}\operatorname{COONa}\left(aq\right) + \operatorname{CO}_{2}\left(g\right) + \operatorname{H}_{2}\operatorname{O}\left(l\right) \\ \operatorname{Sodium\ acetate} & \operatorname{Carbon\ dioxide} & \operatorname{H}_{2}\operatorname{O}\left(l\right) \\ \operatorname{Water} & \operatorname{Calcon\ dioxide} & \operatorname{Water} & \operatorname{Water} \\ \end{array}$$

- * Uses Of Baking Soda-
- 1. **Baking soda** is used for **cleaning sinks and basins** because of its cleaning properties.

(alkaline in nature).

- 2. It helps in **tackling acidity** (Mild Base).
- 3. It is also used in **fire extinguishers**, because it manages to **produce a foam** which **helps in dousing flames**.

(Sodium hydrogen carbonate reacts with the acid $\{H_2SO_4\}$ to produce carbon dioxide gas which helps in extinguishing fire).

- 4. It is used to raise the dough for baking purposes.
 (Sodium hydrogen carbonate liberates carbon dioxide gas on being heated, which helps in raising the dough.)
- Used to prepare Baking Powder.
 (Sodium hydrogen carbonate is mixed with a mild edible acid like Tartaric Acid to make Baking powder).

a. When **Baking soda** is heated, **sodium carbonate** is produced which is a **strong base and bitter in taste**.

Tartaric acid reacts with sodium carbonate to form sodium tartrate which is neutral and the bitterness is reduced.

b. Presence of Tartaric acid helps in the release of carbon dioxide gas which helps in raising the dough.



Preparation of baking powder